

Leviticus Multiple Choice Test

1. What does the name "Leviticus" mean?
 - a) The book of laws
 - b) The book of worship
 - c) The book of the Levites
 - d) The book of sacrifices
2. In which part of the Bible is Leviticus found?
 - a) Old Testament
 - b) New Testament
 - c) Apocrypha
 - d) Psalms
3. What type of animals are primarily used for sacrifices in Leviticus?
 - a) Birds
 - b) Fish
 - c) Mammals
 - d) Reptiles
4. Who is specifically mentioned as a priest in Leviticus?
 - a) Aaron
 - b) Moses
 - c) Joshua
 - d) David
5. According to Leviticus, what must happen to unclean animals?
 - a) They can be eaten
 - b) They must be burned
 - c) They must be sacrificed
 - d) They must not be eaten
6. Which of the following is NOT a type of offering mentioned in Leviticus?
 - a) Whole burnt offering
 - b) Peace offering
 - c) Grain offering
 - d) Water offering
7. What is the purpose of the Day of Atonement mentioned in Leviticus?
 - a) To celebrate harvest
 - b) To atone for the sins of the people
 - c) To honor the Sabbath
 - d) To initiate the new year
8. In Leviticus, what is prescribed for someone who has a skin disease?
 - a) Immediate death
 - b) Isolation outside the camp

- c) They should be healed by a priest
- d) They must sacrifice a lamb

9. What is the significance of the blood in the sacrificial system of Leviticus?

- a) It is a symbol of life
- b) It is used as currency
- c) It has no significance
- d) It signifies death

10. What animal is required for a guilt offering according to Leviticus?

- a) A goat
- b) A ram
- c) A bull
- d) Any clean animal

11. What happens to the scapegoat on the Day of Atonement?

- a) It is sacrificed
- b) It is released into the wilderness
- c) It is kept in the temple
- d) It is offered to the people

12. What does Leviticus instruct regarding dietary laws?

- a) All food is acceptable
- b) Certain animals are clean or unclean
- c) Only fruits and vegetables can be eaten
- d) Only fish is allowed

13. How often is the Year of Jubilee to be observed?

- a) Every 7 years
- b) Every 49 years
- c) Every 50 years
- d) Every 10 years

14. What is the consequence for blasphemy as stated in Leviticus?

- a) Fine
- b) Imprisonment
- c) Death
- d) Exile

15. Leviticus contains laws about which of the following?

- a) Social justice
- b) Agricultural practices
- c) Religious practices
- d) All of the above

16. What is the penalty for stealing according to Leviticus?

- a) Death

- b) Restitution
- c) Imprisonment
- d) Exile

17. According to Leviticus, what is a priest required to be?

- a) Married
- b) Without any blemish
- c) A descendant of Aaron
- d) All of the above

18. What is one purpose of the ceremonial laws in Leviticus?

- a) To make people wealthy
- b) To create a national identity
- c) To keep Israel separate from other nations
- d) To ensure military success

19. In Leviticus, what must not be mixed according to the laws of holiness?

- a) Seeds
- b) Fabrics
- c) Animals
- d) All of the above

20. How long was a woman considered unclean after giving birth to a son?

- a) 40 days
- b) 60 days
- c) 80 days
- d) 20 days

21. What is the punishment for murder according to Leviticus?

- a) Life imprisonment
- b) Fines
- c) Death
- d) Community service

22. Leviticus emphasizes the importance of what attribute of God?

- a) Love
- b) Wrath
- c) Holiness
- d) Mercy

23. What kind of harvest is to be left for the poor according to Leviticus?

- a) The first fruits
- b) The leftovers
- c) The best
- d) The main harvest

24. What is the ritual for purity for a person who has come into contact with a dead body?
- a) Immediate bathing
 - b) Offering a sacrifice
 - c) Waiting for seven days
 - d) None of the above
25. Leviticus instructs on the importance of which of the following festivals?
- a) Passover
 - b) Pentecost
 - c) Feast of Tabernacles
 - d) All of the above
26. What is the symbolic meaning of the anointing oil used in Leviticus?
- a) Prosperity
 - b) Healing
 - c) Holiness and consecration
 - d) Joy
27. How often were the priests required to wash their hands and feet?
- a) Once a week
 - b) Before every sacrifice
 - c) Only when entering the holy place
 - d) Daily
28. What must happen to someone who touches a corpse according to Leviticus?
- a) They are considered clean
 - b) They must cleanse themselves
 - c) They must be punished
 - d) They can eat immediately
29. In terms of interpersonal relationships, what does Leviticus encourage?
- a) Revenge
 - b) Forgiveness
 - c) Isolation
 - d) Indifference
30. What does Leviticus say about tattoos and markings on the body?
- a) They are permissible
 - b) They are to be avoided
 - c) Only certain markings are allowed
 - d) It's a sign of devotion
31. In which chapter do we find the laws concerning sacrifices?
- a) Chapter 1
 - b) Chapter 10

- c) Chapter 15
- d) Chapter 25

32. What must the priest do with the blood of the sacrifice?

- a) Drink it
- b) Sprinkle it
- c) Burn it
- d) Discard it

33. Leviticus teaches the concept of "love your neighbor" in which chapter?

- a) 19
- b) 13
- c) 21
- d) 23

34. What consequence does Leviticus prescribe for engaging in sexual immorality?

- a) Marriage
- b) Fines
- c) Death
- d) Public shaming

35. How are the Israelites instructed to treat foreigners living among them?

- a) With disdain
- b) With kindness and justice
- c) With suspicion
- d) With indifference

36. What does Leviticus mention should not be done to the edges of a field?

- a) Harvested fully
- b) Burned
- c) Left untouched
- d) Sold

37. The law of reaping and gleaning is meant to provide for whom?

- a) The rich
- b) The aliens, orphans, and widows
- c) The priests
- d) The rulers

38. What type of ritual is required for the cleansing of a leper?

- a) Bathing
- b) A sacrifice and examination by a priest
- c) Fasting
- d) Isolation

39. Leviticus teaches about the importance of what during harvest?

- a) Immediate consumption

- b) Leaving some for the poor
- c) Selling for profit
- d) Preserving

40. What animals are prohibited as clean according to Leviticus 11?

- a) Cow
- b) Pig
- c) Goat
- d) Sheep

41. How does Leviticus define lawful sexual relations?

- a) Only within marriage
- b) Any consensual agreement
- c) With multiple partners
- d) Exclusively heterosexual

42. How does Leviticus suggest Israelites show gratitude to God?

- a) By offerings and sacrifices
- b) By gathering wealth
- c) Through military victories
- d) By building temples

43. What is the outcome for false witnesses in legal cases as stated in Leviticus?

- a) Exile
- b) Death
- c) Restitution to the accused
- d) Public humiliation

44. According to Leviticus, the priest must ensure that what is not present in the offerings?

- a) Blood
- b) Blemishes
- c) Grain
- d) Salt

45. What does Leviticus say about the practice of divination?

- a) It is accepted
- b) It is forbidden
- c) It is encouraged
- d) It must be done in secret

46. The laws about mixing seeds relate to which broader concept in Leviticus?

- a) Environmental protection
- b) Holiness
- c) Economic prosperity
- d) Agricultural success

47. What is described as the “greatest commandment” in Leviticus?

- a) Honor your parents
- b) Love the Lord your God
- c) Love your neighbor as yourself
- d) Do not steal

48. What was the primary role of the Levites according to Leviticus?

- a) Kings
- b) Priests and caretakers of the tabernacle
- c) Warriors
- d) Farmers

49. What does Leviticus state about vengeful acts?

- a) They are encouraged
- b) They are forbidden
- c) They are permissible
- d) They depend on the situation

50. What symbolizes God's covenant with Israel in Leviticus?

- a) The manna
 - b) The Ark of the Covenant
 - c) The blood of the sacrifices
 - d) The written law
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Answer Key

1.c

2.a

3.c

4.a

5.d

6.d

7.b

8.b

9.a

10.b

11.b

12.b

13.c

14.c

15.d

16.b

17.d

18.c

19.d

20.a

21.c

22.c

23.b

24.c

25.d

26.c

27.b

28.b

29.b

30.b

31.a

32.b

33.a

34.c

35.b

36.a

37.b

38.b

39.b

40.b

41.a

42.a

43.c

44.b

45.b

46.b

47.c

48.b

49.b

50.c